Financial Statements

For the quarter ended July 31, 2020

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Caribbean Banking Financial Control – Northern Caribbean



Contents

		Page
Mana	gement Reports (BSD)	
	Executive Summary	3
	Statement of financial position	4
	Statement of income – Year over Year analysis	5
	Statement of income – Quarter over Quarter analysis	6
	Statement of income – Actual versus Plan	7
	Statement of financial position – Turks & Caicos Branch	8
	Statement of income – Year over Year analysis – Turks & Caicos Branch	9
	Statement of retained earnings – Year over Year	10

Executive Summary

Q3 2020 Balance Sheet Highlights - July 2020 vs October 2019: \$239.1MM or 8% increase

- Balance with the central bank balance up by 27% or \$146.4MM from receipt of additional customer deposits and profits
- Due from affiliated companies increased by 32% or \$52.3MM mostly from \$45.0MM of additional funding to FINCO
- Other assets increased by 42% or 15.8MM due to increased balances for settlement & clearing accounts, prepaid expenses and interest receivable from the deferral program.
- Customer deposits increased by 12% or \$278.8MM almost entirely in demand deposits in personal and non-personal.
- Due to affiliated companies decreased by 56% or \$77.4MM from the repayment of the \$125.0MM term loan from an affiliate and repayment of I/G account payables. These were partially offset by an increase in demand deposits from various affiliate companies.

Q3 2020 Year over Year results - Reported NIBT of \$24.5MM is \$30.3MM or 55% behind the previous year

- Net interest income is up by 3% or \$2.5MM due to \$5.0MM in dividends from FINCO and increases in interest from business loans. These were partially offset by lower interest from personal loans, mortgages, impaired loans and investments. Interest expense grew given the \$200MM I/G borrowing.
- Non-interest income dropped by 10% or \$4.5MM due to decreases in card revenue, service fees and over-the-counter transactions. These were offset by a small increase in FX commissions.
- Provision for credit losses increased by \$31.8MM due to increases in Stage 2 provisions from additional overlay related to the Covid-19 pandemic. However, there were higher recoveries and lower debts written off compared to the previous year.
- Staff costs increased by 10% or \$2.2MM from a reclass of costs from internal fees, a reversal of severance costs in the previous year, and Covid-19 related staff allowances (special and work-from-home related compensation).
- Business taxes reduced by 27% or \$2.6MM due to lower stamp tax fees and lower VAT assessment due to lower management fees and apportionment of expenses.
- Internal fees & charges was lower by 8% or \$1.2MM from lower management fees and infrastructure charges. These decreases were partially offset by higher business traveler (SLA) and shared services costs

Q3 2020 Quarter over Quarter comparison - NIBT of \$14.9MM is behind the previous year's guarter by \$6.6MM or 31%

- Non-interest income is behind the previous year by 17% or \$2.7MM from decreases in service fees, OTC revenue, and FX commissions. These were partially offset by a small increase in card revenue.
- Provision for credit losses was higher by 81% or \$3.0MM due to higher debts written off and lower recoveries.
- Staff costs are higher than the previous year by \$2.4MM or 32% from a reclass of costs from internal fees, a reversal of severance costs in the previous year, and Covid-19 related staff allowances (special and work-from-home related compensation).
- Overall expenses were lower by 1.1MM or 5% given lower charges for occupancy, communications and business taxes.

YTD Q3 2020 vs Plan - NIBT of \$24.5MM is behind plan by \$27.2MM or 53%

- Net interest of \$74.1MM was behind plan by 2% or \$1.1MM as overall interest on the loan portfolio was less than plan volumes. This decline partially offset by an increase in interest from investments. Interest cost was higher from the I/G group borrowing.
- Non-interest revenue was down by 15% or \$7.2MM from decreases in card revenue, service fees and OTC transactions. However, there were increases in FX revenues and credit related fees which partially offset the revenue decline.
- Provision for credit losses was higher by \$23.3MM given the increases from the Covid-19 overlay
- Expenses overall was less than plan by 7% or \$4.5MM with lower charges for Sundry & fraud losses, business taxes and internal fees. These were offset by higher staff and equipment costs.

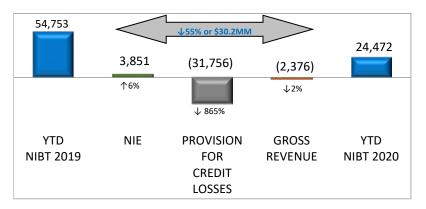
RBC Royal Bank (Bahamas) Limited Statement of financial position

		July 31		О	October 31		YTD		
	Notes		2020		2019	_	\$	%	
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalent	1	\$	515,316	\$	501,578	\$	13,738	3%	
Balance with central banks	2		541,482		395,113		146,369	27%	
Loans and advances to customers	3		1,364,513		1,340,336		24,177	2%	
Investment securities	4		228,395		249,926		(21,530)	-9%	
Due from affiliated companies	5		164,206		111,948		52,257	32%	
Investment in subsidiaries			13,906		13,906			0%	
Premises and equipment	6		26,435		18,150		8,285	31%	
Other assets	7		37,217		21,451		15,766	42%	
Total Assets		\$	2,891,470	\$	2,652,408	\$	239,062	8%	
*Bahamas Government Exposure			504,006		422,130		81,876	16%	
*Loans and advance less Gov't Exposure			860,507		918,205		(57,699)	-7%	
Liabilities									
Due to banks	8	\$	39,290	\$	27,045	\$	12,244	31%	
Customers' deposits	9		2,286,813		2,008,056		278,757	12%	
Due to affiliated companies	10		137,797		215,222		(77,425)	-56%	
Other liabilities			42,432		41,398		1,035	2%	
Total Liabilities	:	\$	2,506,332	\$	2,291,722	\$	214,611	9%	
Equity									
Share capital		\$	11,282	\$	11,282	\$	-	0%	
Share premium			198,572		198,572	•		0%	
Other components of equity	11		4,769		3,575		1,194	25%	
Retained earnings	12		170,514		147,257		23,257	14%	
Total Equity		\$	385,138	\$	360,686	\$	24,451	6%	
Total Liabilities and Equity		\$	2,891,470	\$	2,652,408	\$	239,062	8%	

- The 3% increase in cash and cash equivalents is due to increases in the nostro accounts, which is funded by customer deposits, offset partially by a \$12.1MM reduction in T-bills.
- The central bank balance is higher from receipt of additional customer deposits and retained profits during the period. It is also affected by loan disbursements and additional funding to FINCO.
- 3. The 2% growth in loans and advances is attributed largely to an increase in government borrowings of \$81.9MM, offset partially by decreases in retail loans (\$20.2MM), credit card advances (\$7.1MM) and commercial loans (\$4.2MM). Allowance for credit losses was up significantly by \$23.9MM which includes the Covid-19 overlay.
- The 9% decrease in investment securities is due to the maturity of USD denominated bonds.
- The rise in due from affiliated companies is due to a \$45.0MM increase in the term loan funding to FINCO and an increase in the nostro accounts of \$7.6MM.
- Increase in premises and equipment is primarily due to the capitalization of \$6.5MM in operating leases on adoption of IFRS 16. Related to this is a \$5.5MM capitalized leased obligation included in other liabilities.
- 7. The variance in other assets is attributed to fluctuations in settlement, clearing and adjustment suspense balances. Also included are increases in prepaid expenses. Interest receivable is also higher given the deferral program.
- 8. The increase in due to banks is attributed to market liquidity and is largely from demand deposits.
- Customer deposits increase is in demand deposits for both personal and non-personal customers of \$105.7MM and \$173.0MM, respectively.
- 10. The decrease in due to affiliated companies is due to the payoff of a \$125MM term loan to RBC Barbados Funding Ltd and the settlement of \$13.2MM in intragroup payables, offset partially by a \$60.9MM increase in deposits from affiliates.
- 11. The \$1.2MM increase in other components of equity is transfer of 25% of Turks FY2019 profit.
- 12. Retained earnings movement is a result of accumulated profits for the period net the transfer to reserves.

RBC Royal Bank (Bahamas) Limited Statement of income – Year to Date Analysis

		For the nine months ended				YoY		
		July 31 July 31						
	Notes		2020		2019		\$	%
Interest income		\$	75,541	\$	72,128	\$	3,413	5%
Interest expense			(1,402)		(457)		(945)	N/M
Net interest income	1		74,139		71,671		2,468	3%
Non-interest income	2		41,349		46,193		(4,844)	-10%
Total revenue			115,488		117,864		(2,376)	-2%
Non-interest expense			(62,933)		(66,784)		(3,851)	-6%
Provision for credit losses	3		(28,082)		3,673		31,756	N/M
Total non-interest expense			(91,016)		(63,111)		27,905	-44%
Net income before tax		\$	24,472	\$	54,753	\$	(30,281)	-55%
Non-interest expenses								
Salaries and Allowances		\$	19,242	\$	17,427	\$	1,815	10%
Variable Compensation			1,553		2,129		(576)	-27%
Benefits and Retentions Compensation			4,923		3,922		1,001	26%
Total Staff Cost	4		25,718		23,478		2,241	10%
Equipment	5		1,945		1,265		680	54%
Occupancy	6		5,762		6,208		(447)	-7%
Communications	7		3,095		4,093		(998)	-24%
Professional fees			839		774		65	8%
Deposit insurance premium			510		519		(9)	-2%
Sundry & fraud losses	8		1,493		1,900		(406)	-21%
Business & other taxes	9		6,990		9,640		(2,649)	-27%
Internal fee & charges	10		13,501		14,702		(1,201)	-8%
Other expenses			3,080		4,206		(1,125)	-27%
Total non-interest expenses		\$	62,933	\$	66,784	\$	(3,851)	-6%
Debts Written off and Recoveries			(123)		2,126		(2,249)	N/M
Provision for Credit Losses - Stage 1			(1,295)		(419)		(876)	N/M
Provision for Credit Losses - Stage 2			28,511		(6,956)		35,467	N/M
Provision for Credit Losses - Stage 3			989		1,575		(586)	-37%
Total provision for credit losses			28,082		(3,673)		31,755	N/M
Total FTE			485		494		-10	-1.96%
Operating leverage			-		-		-	3.75%
Efficiency ratio			54.49%		56.66%		-2.17%	-3.83%



- 1. The 3% growth in net interest income is due to \$5.0MM in dividends from FINCO and an increase in interest from business loans (\$1.9MM). These were offset by lower personal loan interest and mortgages (\$2.4MM) and lower interest on impaired loans and investments of \$1.5MM and \$0.5MM, respectively. The increase in interest expense is primarily due to interest paid on the I/G group borrowing for five months YTD compared to one month last year.
- The \$4.8MM decline in other income is from decreases in card service revenue (\$2.4MM), service fees (\$2.0MM) and OTC transactions (\$976M), offset by a small increase in FX revenue (\$369M).
- 3. Higher PCL is due to increases in Stage 2 provisions from additional overlay related to the Covid-19 pandemic. However, year to date there were higher recoveries, lower debt write offs, and NPLs reduced by 25% (\$9.2MM) from the previous year.
- 4. The rise in staff costs is due to a \$1.1MM reclass of cost from internal fees and a \$675M reversal of severance costs in the previous year. In addition, there was an increase in benefit costs due to Covid-19 work-from-office and WFH grants.
- The increase in equipment costs is due to an increase in amortization of computer software of \$700M and other project related costs.
- The 7% drop in occupancy costs resulted from lower rental expenses and property repair & maintenance costs of \$\$1.1MM and \$372M, respectively due to reduced retail operation at various bank locations due to the pandemic. These were offset by higher depreciation on adoption of IFRS16.
- 7. The decrease in communication costs largely due to cost savings derived from a change in telephone service provider (from BTC to Aliv).
- 8. Decrease in sundry & fraud charges primarily due to higher write-offs for fraudulent card transactions in the prior year.
- The reduction in business taxes is due to lower stamp tax fees of \$915M and lower VAT fees resulting from the apportionment and lower management fees of \$2.1MM.
- 10. Lower internal fees & charges due to lower in management fees (\$2.1MM) and GTI charges (\$216M), offset by higher business travelers' fees (\$218M) and shared services costs (\$746M).

RBC Royal Bank (Bahamas) Limited Statement of income – Quarter over Quarter analysis

		For the three months ended					QTR vs Pric	r QTR	QTR vs Prior Year QTR				
			July 31	-	April 30	,	July 31						
	Notes		2020		2020		2019		\$	%		\$	%
Interest income		\$	23,485	\$	23,744	\$	23,561	\$	(259)	-1%	\$	(76)	0%
Interest expense			(118)		(461)		(347)		343	-74%		229	-66%
Net interest income			23,367		23,283		23,214		83	0%		152	1%
Non-interest income	1		12,809		12,257		15,504		552	5%	((2,694)	-17%
Total revenue			36,176		35,540		38,718		636	2%		(2,542)	-7%
Non-interest expense			(21,958)		(20,797)		(20,826)		1,161	6%		1,132	5%
Provision for credit losses	2		676		(29,104)		3,643		(29,780)	N/M		2,967	-81%
Total non-interest expense			(21,282)		(49,901)		(17,183)		(28,619)	-57%		4,099	24%
Net income before tax		\$	14,894	\$	(14,361)	\$	21,535	\$	29,255	N/M	\$	(6,641)	-31%
Non-interest expenses													
Salaries and Allowances		\$	6,844	\$	6,230	\$	5,541	\$	614	10%	\$	1,303	24%
Variable Compensation			638		551		689		88	16%	\$	(51)	-7%
Benefits and Retentions Compensation			2,372		1,035		1,213		1,337	N/M		1,160	96%
Total Staff Cost	3	3	9,854		7,816		7,443		2,039	26%		2,412	32%
Equipment			435		1,255		366		(821)	-65%		69	19%
Occupancy	4		1,741		1,731		1,991		10	1%		(251)	-13%
Communications	5	5	868		1,146		1,270		(278)	-24%		(403)	-32%
Professional fees			114		292		298		(178)	-61%		(184)	-62%
Deposit insurance premium			171		171		167		-	0%		4	2%
Sundry & fraud losses	6	5	824		345		513		479	N/M		312	61%
Business & other taxes	7		2,267		2,362		2,790		(94)	-4%		(522)	-19%
Internal fee & charges			4,741		4,562		4,769		179	4%		(28)	-1%
Other expenses			941		1,117		1,218		(176)	-16%		(277)	-23%
Total non-interest expenses		\$	21,958	\$	20,797	\$	20,826	\$	1,161	6%	\$	1,132	5%
Debts Written off and Recoveries			817		(1,211)		(1,803)		2,028	N/M		2,620	N/M
Provision for Credit Losses - Stage 1			39		2,195		(768)		(2,156)	-98%		807	N/M
Provision for Credit Losses - Stage 2			(4,484)		29,479		(875)		(33,963)	N/M		(3,609)	N/M
Provision for Credit Losses - Stage 3			2,952		(1,358)		(196)		4,310	N/M		3,148	N/M
Total provision for credit losses			(676)		29,104		(3,643)	_	(29,780)	-102%		2,967	-81%
Total FTE			485		487		494		(2)	0%		(10)	-1.96%
Operating leverage							-		-	-3.79%		-	-12.00%
Efficiency ratio			59.85%		58.52%		52.70%		1%	2%		7%	14%

- 1. The \$2.7MM decrease in other income resulted from decreases in key categories of revenue except card service revenue which increased by \$244M. Services fees and over-the-counter fees declined by \$893M and \$411M respectively, and is affected by the Covid-19 Emergency orders that slowed economic activity. FX commissions is at normal levels, but is unfavorable by \$1.6MM to the previous year's quarter given a larger amount of revenue booked in the previous year for an error correction.
- PCL is unfavorable to the previous quarter and Q3 2019.
 The unfavourable movement to Q3 2019 is primarily due to higher write offs of \$1.4MM and lower recoveries of \$646M. Provisions in Q3 2020 are relatively low, however prior year included a higher level of recoveries. The unfavorable variance to Q2 2020 is due to the Covid-19 provision overlay.
- The rise in staff costs is due to a \$1.1MM reclass of cost from internal fees. The prior year quarter is also lower by \$675M from accrual reversals for severance costs no longer needed. In addition, there was an increase in benefit costs for Covid-19 work-from-office compensation and WFH grant.
- 4. The decrease in occupancy costs due to reductions in rent expense (\$533M) and premises maintenance costs (\$81M) from reduced office space and reduced operations. These were partly offset by an increase of \$363M in depreciation expense.
- The decrease in communication costs were largely due to lower telephone contracts negotiated with a switch from BTC to Aliv, resulting in telephone cost decreasing by \$250M. Postage & courier, marketing costs and stationary & printing fees also dropped by \$55M, \$81M and \$16M, respectively.
- Increase in sundry and fraud losses due to higher write offs from remediation of aged cash transactions and an operational loss related to hurricane Dorian.
- The drop in business and other taxes is due to lower VAT on management fees. There was also a reduction in stamp taxes of \$186M.

RBC Royal Bank (Bahamas) Limited Statement of income – Actual versus Plan

For the nine months ended

YoY

		For the nine months ended			YoY			
		July 31		July 31		Actual vs	Plan	
	Notes		Actual		2020 Plan		\$	%
Interest income	Notes	\$	75,541	\$	75.707	\$	(167)	0%
Interest expense		Ψ	(1,402)	Ψ	(425)	Ψ	(977)	N/M
Net interest income	1		74,139		75,282	\neg	(1,144)	-2%
That interest income			7 1,100		70,202	L	(1,11)	270
Non-interest income	2		41,349		48,527	۲	(7,178)	-15%
Total revenue			115,488		123,809		(8,322)	-7%
Non-interest expense			(62,933)		(67,393)	_	(4,460)	-7%
Provision for credit losses	3		(28,082)		(4,773)	ᆚ	23,310	N/M
Total non-interest expense			(91,016)		(72,166)		18,850	26%
Net income before tax		\$	24,472	\$	51,643	\$	(27,171)	-53%
Non-interest expenses		•	40.040	Φ.	40.004	Φ.	0.40	5 0/
Salaries and Allowances		\$	19,242	\$	18,294	\$	949	5%
Variable Compensation			1,553		1,599		(47)	-3%
Benefits and Retentions Compensation Total Staff Cost	4		4,923 25.718		3,889 23,781		5,326 1,937	137% 8%
Equipment	5		1,945		420		1,525	N/M
Occupancy	5		5,762		5,484		278	5%
Communications	6		3,702		3,886		(791)	-20%
Professional fees	Ü		839		573		265	46%
Deposit insurance premium			510		528		(19)	-4%
Sundry & fraud losses	7		1,493		3,086		(1,592)	-52%
Business & other taxes	8		6,990		8,564		(1,574)	-18%
Internal fee & charges	9		13,501		16,552		(3,051)	-18%
Other expenses			3,080		4,519		(1,438)	-32%
Total non-interest expenses		\$	62,933	\$	67,393	\$	(4,460)	-7%
					•			
Debts Written off and Recoveries			(123)		7,807		(7,930)	N/M
Provision for Credit Losses - Stage 1			(1,295)		46		(1,341)	N/M
Provision for Credit Losses - Stage 2			28,511		(71)		28,582	N/M
Provision for Credit Losses - Stage 3			989		(3,009)		3,998	N/M
Total provision for credit losses			28,082		4,773		23,309	N/M
Total FTE			485		495		-10	-2.08%
Operating leverage							-10	-0.10%
Efficiency ratio			54.49%		- 54.43%		- 0.06%	-0.10% 0.11%
Lindency ratio			34.43%		34.43%		0.00%	U.11%

- Net interest income fell below plan by 2%, where overall interest on total loan portfolio, inclusive of impaired loans, were less than plan by \$2.9MM, this was partially offset by an increase in interest earned on investment securities of \$1.7MM. Interest cost was higher than plan given five months of interest paid on the I/G borrowing.
- Non-interest income came in under plan due to decreases in card service revenue (\$4.7MM), service fees (\$2.3MM) and OTC transactions (\$1.2MM), offset by increases in FX revenues (\$686M) and credit fees (\$270M).
- PCL's unfavorable variance is due to the significant increase Stage 2 provisions from the Covd-19 overlay.
- 4. Total staff costs came in unfavourable to plan mainly due to a reclassification and a reversal of severance accruals in the prior year. In addition, there were expenditures related to the pandemic for staff working in the office and at home.
- Equipment came in above plan due to catch-up depreciation recorded on computer software for project related costs.
- Communication costs came in under plan by due to lower telecommunication expenses of \$706M, marketing costs of \$129M and postage & courier expenses of \$14M, offset partially by an increase in stationary expenses of \$70M.
- The drop in sundry and fraud losses when compared to plan resulted from reduced electronic transfer and credit card fraudulent transactions.
- Business taxes reduced given lower VAT charges on management fees and GTI charges.
- Internal fees favourable to plan due reduced management fees, lower GTI fees and reduced shared services costs for FY2020.

RBC Royal Bank (Bahamas) Limited – Turks & Caicos Branch Statement of financial position

		July 31		October 31		YTD		
	Notes		2020		2019		\$	%
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalent	1	\$	64,581	\$	80,131	\$	(15,550)	-24%
Loans and advances to customers			142,063	·	142,378		(315)	0%
Premises and equipment	2		1,682		372	ſ	1,311	78%
Other assets			2,139		1,386		753	35%
Total Assets		\$	210,465	\$	224,267	\$	(13,802)	-7%
Liabilities								
Customers' deposits	3	\$	95,423	\$	110,195	\$	(14,772)	-15%
Due to affiliated companies			80,220		80,429		(209)	0%
Other liabilities			2,028		1,143		885	44%
Total Liabilities		\$	177,671	\$	191,766	\$	(14,096)	-8%
Fanita.								
Equity		\$	15 000	\$	15 000	\$		0%
Contributed surplus	4	Þ	15,000	Þ	15,000	Þ	1 216	
Other reserves Retained earnings	4 5		4,965 12,830		3,749 13,752		1,216 (922)	24% -7%
Total Equity	5	\$	32,795	\$	32,501	\$	294	1%
Total Liabilities and Equity		\$	210,465	\$	224,267	\$	(13,802)	-7%

- 1. The \$15.6MM reduction in cash and cash equivalents is a result of customer deposit reductions.
- 2. The increase of \$1.3MM in premises and equipment relate to the capitalization of operating leases on adoption of IFRS 16.
- The 15% decrease in customer deposits is a result of reductions of \$11.5MM in non-personal accounts and \$4.0MM in personal accounts, offset partially by an increase in bank deposits of \$727M.
- 4. The \$1.2MM increase in other reserves represents 25% of Turk's FY2019 profit of \$4.9MM transferred to reserves.
- Retained earnings movement is a result of accumulated profits for the year and the reserve transfer.

RBC Royal Bank (Bahamas) Limited – Turks & Caicos Branch Statement of income – Year over Year analysis

			For the nine r	non	ths ended	YoY			
			July 31		July 31				
	Notes		2020		2019	 \$	%		
Interest income		\$	6,276	\$	6,822	\$ (546)	-8%		
Interest expense			(1,240)		(1,803)	563	-31%		
Net interest income			5,036		5,019	17	0%		
Non-interest income		1	750		839	(90)	-11%		
Total revenue			5,786		5,858	(72)	-1%		
Non-interest expense			(1,926)		(1,872)	54	3%		
Provision for credit losses		2	(3,566)		156	3,721	N/M		
Total non-interest expense			(5,492)		(1,716)	3,775	N/M		
Net income before tax		\$	294	\$	4,142	\$ (3,848)	-93%		
Non-interest expenses									
Salaries and Allowances		\$	863	\$	732	\$ 131	18%		
Variable Compensation			46		53	(7)	-13%		
Benefits and Retentions Compensation			72		61	10	17%		
Total Staff Cost		3	980		846	 134	16%		
Equipment			87		63	24	38%		
Occupancy			323		361	(37)	-10%		
Communications			103		127	(24)	-19%		
Professional fees			77		105	(28)	-27%		
Sundry & fraud losses			10		48	(38)	-79%		
Business & other taxes			55		23	32	NW		
Other expenses			290		299	(9)	-3%		
Total non-interest expenses		\$	1,926	\$	1,872	\$ 54	3%		
Debts Written off and Recoveries			(538)		(1,200)	662	-55%		
Provision for Credit Losses - Stage 1			569		(84)	653	NN		
Provision for Credit Losses - Stage 2			4,356		415	3,942	NN		
Provision for Credit Losses - Stage 3			(822)		713	(1,535)	NM		
Total provision for credit losses			3,566		(156)	3,721	N/N		
Total FTE			21		19	2	11%		
Operating leverage			-		-	-	-4%		
Efficiency ratio			33.29%		31.96%	1.34%	4.18%		

- The 11% decrease in other income is a result of decreases in service fees of \$80M and card service revenue of \$44M, offset partly by increases in LOCs & guarantee fees of \$14M, gains in FX revenues of \$11M and OTC transactions of \$8M.
- As noted before, the unfavourable movement in PCL is due to higher Stage 2 provisions driven by the additional overlay for the COVID-19 pandemic.
- 3. The increase in staff cost are due to increases in staff salaries, staff allowances and staff benefits. There was some reduction in overtime costs.

RBC Royal Bank (Bahamas) Limited Statement of retained earnings

	Retained Earnings
Balance at October 31, 2018	\$ 90,307
IFRS 15 transition adjustment	 (1,076)
Retained earnings, retated	89,231
Net Profit for the period	54,753
Transfer to reserves	(1,150)
Balance at July 31, 2019	\$ 142,834
	Retained Earnings
Balance as at October 31, 2019	\$ 147,258
Net profit for the period	24,472
Transfer to reserves	 (1,216)
Balance at July 31, 2020	\$ 170,514